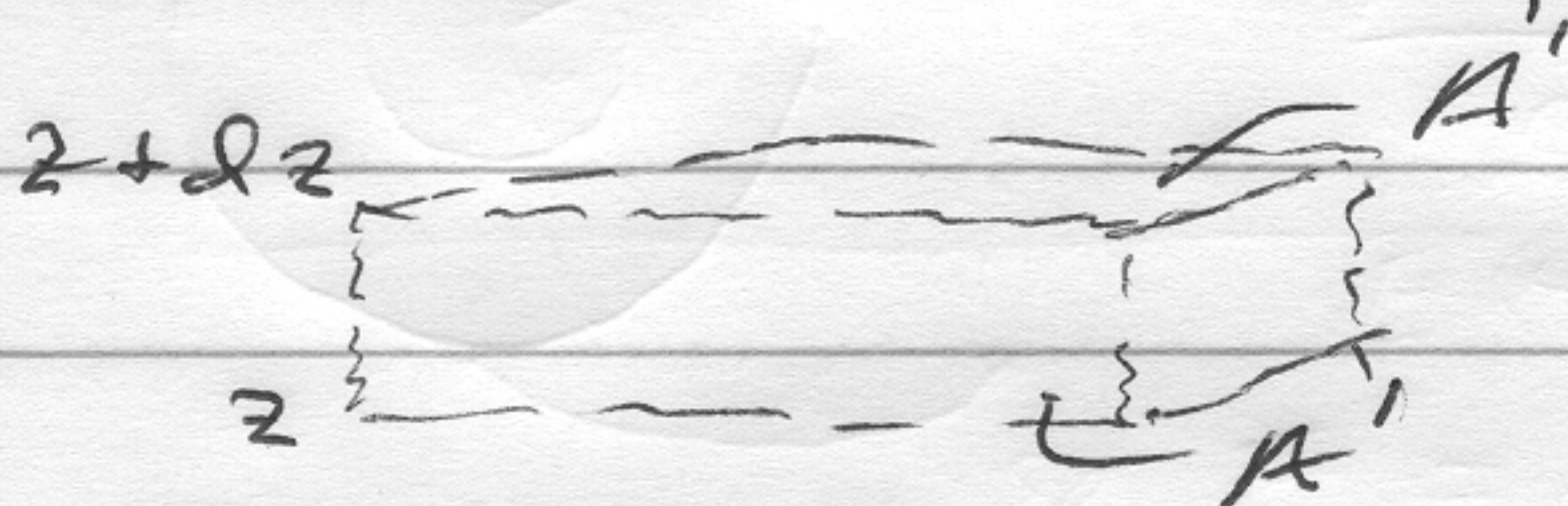


7. W 4-10

$$\vec{E} = -E_0 (Ae^{-\alpha z} + Be^{-\beta z}) \hat{z}$$

Find average charge density versus z



Gaussian box

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi_{\text{net}} &= \Phi_{\text{top}} + \Phi_{\text{bottom}} \\ &= -E_0 A' (Ae^{-\alpha(z+dz)} + Be^{-\beta(z+dz)}) \\ &\quad + E_0 A' (Ae^{-\alpha z} + Be^{-\beta z})\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{now } e^{-\alpha(z+dz)} = e^{-\alpha z} e^{-\alpha dz} \quad \alpha dz \ll 1$$

$$\text{so } e^{-\alpha dz} \approx 1 - \alpha dz$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi &= E_0 A' [-Ae^{-\alpha z}(1 - \alpha dz) - Be^{-\beta z}(1 - \beta dz) \\ &\quad + Ae^{-\alpha z} + Be^{-\beta z}]\end{aligned}$$

4 terms cancel, leaving

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi &= E_0 A' [Ae^{-\alpha z} \alpha dz + Be^{-\beta z} \beta dz] \\ &= \frac{\Phi_{\text{en}}}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{\rho_{\text{av}}}{\epsilon_0} A' dz\end{aligned}$$

$$\rho_{\text{av}} = \epsilon_0 [E_0 (\alpha Ae^{-\alpha z} + \beta Be^{-\beta z})]$$

Looks positive to me.

Easy way using $\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = \rho(r)/\epsilon_0$!

$\vec{E} = E_z \hat{z}$, with $E_z(z)$ only

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{dE_z}{dz} = \rho(r)/\epsilon_0$$

then $\rho = \epsilon_0 \frac{dE_z}{dz}$ gives same answer